

SERVER, SERVER PROCESSING METHOD, TERMINAL,  
TERMINAL PROCESSING METHOD, INFORMATION PROCESSING SYSTEM,  
AND  
INFORMATION RECORD MEDIUM

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to technical fields of a server,  
a server processing method, a terminal, a terminal processing  
10 method, an information processing system, and an information  
record medium and more particularly to technical fields of a  
server and a server processing method for storing a plurality  
of pieces of information and outputting the information pieces  
to a terminal for making the most use of the information pieces,  
15 a terminal and a terminal processing method for making the most  
use of the information output from the server, an information  
processing system containing the server and the terminal, and  
an information record medium recorded a control program for  
the server or the terminal in a readable form in the server  
20 or the terminal.

2. Description of the Related Art

In recent years, an audio system has been developed  
wherein an audio apparatus installed at home is made to function  
25 as a server for storing a large number of pieces of music and

the user copies a plurality of pieces of music from the audio apparatus into a portable, small-sized terminal for storage and plays back any piece of music away from home, etc., thereby listening to the piece of music.

5           At this time, in the audio system according to the related art, from the demand for securing a copyright, a piece of music is only copied into the terminal from the audio apparatus and the copied piece of music is not restored to the audio apparatus from the terminal.

10           In the described audio system according to the related art, information as to what pieces of music the user copied into the terminal for listening them in the past, as to which pieces of music the user has copied frequently (namely, the user has listened frequently with the terminal as favorite  
15 pieces of music), etc., is not utilized to select a piece of music.

Further, information for centralizing control of the whole of pieces of music stored in the audio apparatus is also not used.

20           However, if the most use of the information indicating what pieces of music the user has listened as described above is not made, the use state of pieces of music such as what pieces of music the user of the terminal likes cannot be stored in the server. It is impossible to select and output a piece of  
25 music so as to match the manner the user listens music in such

a manner that if the user wants to again listen to a favorite piece of music to which he or she has listened recently or when the user is to again listen to a specific piece of music to which he or she listened in the past, for example, the piece  
5 of music is identified based on the last listening date and is again output to the terminal; this is a problem.

If the information for centralized control of the whole of pieces of music stored in the audio apparatus is not used, the user cannot instantly check on the terminal what pieces  
10 of music are stored in the audio apparatus and, for example, to later copy a piece of music into the terminal, the user cannot program the audio apparatus to copy which piece of music, and the convenience of the user is poor; this is also a problem.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is therefore an object of the invention to provide a server and a server processing method wherein pieces of music can be stored in such a manner that the pieces of music are copied in accordance with a mode in which the user of a terminal  
20 listens to music and the convenience of the user listening to music can be improved, a terminal and a terminal processing method for conveniently utilizing the information output from the server, an information processing system containing the server and the terminal, and an information record medium  
25 recording a control program for the server or the terminal in

a readable form in the server or the terminal.

To accomplish the object, according to a first aspect of the invention, there is provided a server comprising:

5 a storage section for storing a plurality of first information pieces;

10 a corresponding information storage section for storing a plurality of second information pieces in one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of the first information pieces, the second information pieces including at least content information pieces indicating contents of the first information pieces and attribute information pieces indicating attributes of the first information pieces;

15 an output section for outputting the first information pieces to be outputted to a terminal together with the second information pieces corresponding to the first information pieces to be outputted; and

a storage control section,

20 wherein when the outputted second information piece is returned from the terminal, the storage control section stores the returned second information pieces in place of the second information pieces before outputting in the corresponding information storage section.

25 Thus, the second information pieces provided in a one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of first information pieces are output to the terminal together with

the first information pieces and further the second information piece returned from the terminal is stored in place of the former second information piece, so that the terminal updates the second information piece in response to the mode in which the user utilizes the first information piece in the terminal, and then returns the updated second information piece to the server, whereby the server can keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the information in the terminal, and to next output the first information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output and the most use of the information can be made with the past utilization mode reflected in the terminal.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, to utilize each first information piece in the server, the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal can also be reflected.

To accomplish the object, according to a second aspect of the invention, there is provided the server according to the first aspect of the invention, further comprising a batch information storage section for storing batch information collectively indicating the whole information stored in the storage section,

wherein the output section outputs the batch information together with the first information pieces and the second

information pieces to the terminal; and

when the output batch information is returned from the terminal, the storage control section stores the returned batch information in the batch information storage section in place of the batch information before outputting.

Thus, the batch information collectively indicating the first information pieces is output to the terminal together with the first information pieces and further the batch information returned from the terminal is stored in place of the former batch information, so that the terminal updates the batch information in response to the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and then returns the updated batch information to the server, whereby the server can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, to utilize each first information piece in the server, the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal can also be reflected.

To accomplish the object, according to a third aspect of the invention, there is provided the server according to the second aspect of the invention, wherein the batch

information contains at least batch content information collectively indicating the contents of all first information pieces stored in the storage section and batch attribute information collectively indicating the attributes of all first information pieces.

Since the batch information thus contains at least the batch content information and the batch attribute information, the server can more clearly keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces.

To accomplish the object, according to a fourth aspect of the invention, there is provided the server according to any one of the first to third aspects of the invention,

wherein the first information pieces are a plurality of pieces of music;

the content information pieces are titles of the pieces of music, and

the attribute information pieces are utilization information pieces indicating degree of utilizing the pieces of music in the terminal.

Thus, a plurality of pieces of music are output to the terminal and when the user listens to each piece of music with the terminal, the second information piece contents are updated and returned, whereby the server can keep track of the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal, and to next output the pieces of music to the terminal, the server

can reflect the mode for output and for the user to listen to each piece of music with the server, the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal can also be reflected.

To accomplish the object, according to a fifth aspect  
5 of the invention, there is provided a terminal comprising:

a storage section for storing a plurality of first information pieces;

an acquisition section for acquiring a plurality of  
second information pieces in one-to-one correspondence with  
10 the plurality of the first information pieces together with  
the first information pieces corresponding to the second  
information pieces, the second information pieces including  
at least content information pieces indicating contents of the  
first information pieces and attribute information pieces  
15 indicating attributes of the first information pieces;

a utilization section for utilizing the acquired first  
information pieces;

an update section for updating the second information  
pieces corresponding to the utilized first information pieces,  
20 depending on a mode of utilizing the first information pieces;  
and

a return section for returning the updated second  
information pieces to the server.

Thus, the second information piece output together with  
25 each first information piece is updated in response to the mode



in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and then the updated second information piece is returned to the server, so that the server can keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, to utilize each first information piece in the server, the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal can also be reflected.

To accomplish the object, according to a sixth aspect of the invention, there is provided the terminal according to the fifth aspect of the invention,

wherein the acquisition section acquires the batch information collectively indicating the whole first information pieces stored in the storage section from the server together with the first information pieces and the second information pieces;

the update section updates the acquired batch information depending on the mode of utilizing the first information pieces; and

the return section returns the updated second information pieces and the updated batch information to the server.

Thus, the batch information collectively indicating the first information pieces is acquired together with the first information pieces and the batch information is updated in response to the mode in which the user utilizes each piece of the information, and then the updated batch information is returned to the server, so that the server can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, to utilize each first information piece in the server, the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal can also be reflected.

To accomplish the object, according to a seventh aspect of the invention, there is provided the terminal according to the sixth aspect of the invention, wherein the batch information contains at least batch content information collectively indicating the contents of all first information pieces stored in the storage section and batch attribute information collectively indicating the attributes of all first information pieces.

Since the batch information thus contains at least the batch content information and the batch attribute information,

the server can more clearly keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces.

To accomplish the object, according to an eighth aspect of the invention, there is provided the terminal according to  
5 any one of the fifth to seventh aspects of the invention,

wherein the first information pieces are a plurality of pieces of music;

the content information pieces are titles of the pieces of music, and

10 the attribute information pieces are utilization information pieces indicating degree of utilizing the pieces of music in the terminal.

Thus, when the user listens to a plurality of pieces of music, the second information piece contents are updated and returned, so that the server can keep track of the mode in which  
15 the user listens to the music in the terminal, and to next output the pieces of music to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the  
20 user listens to the music in the terminal, for the user to listen to each piece of music with the server, the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal can also be reflected.

To accomplish the object, according to ninth aspect of the invention, there is provided An information processing  
25 system comprising:

a server; and

a terminal connected to the server via a network,

wherein the server comprising:

5 a first storage section for storing a plurality  
of first information pieces;

10 a corresponding information storage section for  
storing a plurality of second information pieces in  
one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of the  
first information pieces, the second information pieces  
including at least content information pieces indicating  
contents of the first information pieces and attribute  
information pieces indicating attributes of the first  
information pieces;

15 an output section for outputting the first  
information pieces to be outputted to a terminal together  
with the second information pieces corresponding to the  
first information pieces to be outputted; and

a storage control section,

the terminal comprising:

20 a second storage section for storing the plurality  
of first information pieces;

25 an acquisition section for acquiring the plurality  
of second information pieces together with the first  
information pieces corresponding to the second  
information pieces;

a utilization section for utilizing the acquired first information pieces;

an update section for updating the second information pieces corresponding to the utilized first information pieces, depending on a mode of utilizing the first information pieces; and

a return section for returning the updated second information pieces to the server, and

when the outputted second information piece is returned from the terminal, the storage control section of the server stores the returned second information pieces in place of the second information pieces before outputting in the corresponding information storage section.

Thus, the second information pieces provided in a one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of first information pieces are output to the terminal together with the first information pieces and the terminal updates the second information piece in response to the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and then returns the updated second information piece to the server, which then stores the second information piece returned from the terminal in place of the former second information piece, so that the server can keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server

can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, to utilize each first information piece in the server, the mode  
5 in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal can also be reflected.

To accomplish the object, according to a tenth aspect of the invention, there is provided an information record medium recording a sever program for a server computer in a readable form for causing the server computer contained in a  
10 server to function as:

a storage section for storing a plurality of first information pieces;

a corresponding information storage section for storing  
15 a plurality of second information pieces in one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of the first information pieces, the second information pieces including at least content information pieces indicating contents of the first information pieces and attribute information pieces  
20 indicating attributes of the first information pieces;

an output section for outputting the first information pieces to be outputted to a terminal together with the second information pieces corresponding to the first information pieces to be outputted; and

25 a storage control section,

wherein when the outputted second information piece is returned from the terminal, the storage control section stores the returned second information pieces in place of the second information pieces before outputting in the corresponding information storage section.

Thus, the server computer functions so that the second information pieces provided in a one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of first information pieces are output to the terminal together with the first information pieces and further the second information piece returned from the terminal is stored in place of the former second information piece. Thus, the terminal updates the second information piece in response to the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and then returns the updated second information piece to the server, whereby the server can keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, to utilize each first information piece in the server, the mode in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal can also be reflected.

To accomplish the object, according to an eleventh aspect

of the invention, there is provided an information record medium recording a terminal program for a terminal computer in a readable form for causing the terminal computer contained in a terminal to function as:

5           a storage section for storing a plurality of first information pieces;

          an acquisition section for acquiring a plurality of second information pieces in one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of the first information pieces together with the first information pieces corresponding to the second information pieces, the second information pieces including at least content information pieces indicating contents of the first information pieces and attribute information pieces indicating attributes of the first information pieces;

10           a utilization section for utilizing the acquired first information pieces;

          an update section for updating the second information pieces corresponding to the utilized first information pieces, depending on a mode of utilizing the first information pieces;

20       and

          a return section for returning the updated second information pieces to the server.

          Thus, the terminal computer functions so that the second information piece output together with each first information piece is updated in response to the mode in which the user



utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and then  
the updated second information piece is returned to the server.  
Thus, the server can keep track of the mode in which the user  
utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal, and to  
5 next output the information to the terminal, the server can  
reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the  
user utilizes the first information pieces in the terminal,  
to utilize each first information piece in the server, the mode  
10 in which the user utilizes the first information pieces in the  
terminal can also be reflected.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a block diagram to show the general  
15 configuration of an audio system of an embodiment.

FIG. 2 is a drawing to show the contents of correspondence  
information and batch information in the embodiment. FIG. 2  
(a) is a drawing to show the contents of the correspondence  
information and FIG. 2 (b) is a drawing to show the contents  
20 of the batch information.

FIG. 3 is a schematic drawing (I) to show handling of  
the correspondence information and the batch information  
according to the embodiment.

FIG. 4 is a schematic drawing (II) to show handling of  
25 the correspondence information and the batch information

according to the embodiment.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart to show program processing of embodiment.

FIG. 6 is a schematic drawing to show transferred music selection processing of embodiment.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring now to the accompanying drawings, preferred embodiments of the invention will be described.

The embodiments described below are embodiments of the invention applied to music transfer processing in an audio system containing a server capable of storing a large number of pieces of music and transferring a piece of music desired by the user among the stored pieces of music to a terminal for copy and a portable terminal capable of storing pieces of music transferred from the server and playing back and outputting the stored pieces of music as the user operates the terminal.

##### (I) Embodiment of general configuration

To begin with, the general configuration and the basic operation of an audio system according to an embodiment of the invention will be discussed with reference to FIGS. 1 to 4.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram to show the general configuration of the audio system, FIG. 2 is a drawing to show the contents of correspondence information and batch

information described later (the correspondence information and the batch information will be hereinafter referred to collectively as correspondence information, etc., whenever necessary), and FIGS. 3 and 4 are schematic drawings to  
5 schematically describe handling of the correspondence information, etc., according to the embodiment.

As shown in FIG. 1, the audio system S according to the embodiment is made up of a server 1 for storing a large number of pieces of music and if the user selects any desired piece of music, transferring the selected piece of music and the  
10 correspondence information corresponding to the piece of music, etc., to a terminal 10 for copy and the portable terminal 10 capable of copying the piece of music transferred from the server 1 for storage and enabling the user to listen to the stored piece of music as required.  
15

When the user completes listening to the piece of music transferred from the server 1, the terminal 10 also returns the correspondence information and the like updated based on a mode after the completion to the server 1 as the user operates  
20 the terminal 10.

Next, the detailed configurations and the operation of the server 1 and the terminal 10 will be discussed.

First, the server 1 is made up of an operation section 2, a display section 3, a CPU 4 as an output unit and a storage  
25 control unit, an external storage section 5 comprising a main

storage section 5a as a storage unit and a substorage section 5b as a correspondence information storage unit and a batch information storage unit, an interface 6, and an output section 7.

5        On the other hand, the terminal 10 is made up of an operation section 11, a display section 12, an interface 13, a CPU 14 as an acquisition unit, an update unit, and a return unit, an output section 15, and an external storage section 16 comprising a main storage section 16a and a substorage section 16b.

10        Next, the basic operation of the audio system S will be discussed.

      First, the basic operation of the server 1 will be discussed.

15        A large number of pieces of music M are stored in the main storage section 5a of the external storage section 5 in the server 1 so that the pieces of music M can be distinguished from each other, for example, as shown in the left portion of FIG. 3. In the left portion of FIG. 3, a first piece of music M1 to a twelfth piece of music M12 are stored in the main storage section 5a. Each piece of music M is output to the CPU 4 as a music signal Sm under the control of the CPU 4.

20        Next, correspondence information pieces T each indicating the contents and attribute of the corresponding piece of music are stored in the substorage section 5b of the

25

external storage section 5 in the server 1 in a one-to-one correspondence with the pieces of music M stored in the main storage section 5a so that the correspondence information pieces T can be distinguished from each other, for example, as shown in the left portion of FIG. 3. In the left portion of FIG. 3, a first correspondence information piece T1 to a twelfth correspondence information piece T12 are stored in the substorage section 5b in a one-to-one correspondence with the first piece of music M1 to the twelfth piece of music M12.

Here, information contained in one correspondence information piece T stored so as to correspond to one piece of music M will be discussed with reference to FIG. 2 (a).

As shown in FIG. 2 (a), one correspondence information piece T contains information indicating the contents and attribute of the piece of music M to which the correspondence information piece T corresponds; specifically the correspondence information piece T contains title information 20 indicating a title of the piece of music M, kana reading information 21 indicating the kana reading of the title, artist information 22 indicating a player or singer playing or singing the piece of music, genre information 23 indicating the music genre (category) to which the piece of music belongs, taste information 24 indicating the taste for the piece of music (namely, the taste indicating how much frequently the user has listened to the piece of music), recording date information

25 indicating the date on which the piece of music was stored  
in the main storage section 5a, last listening date information  
26 indicating the date on which the user last listened to the  
piece of music in the terminal 10, number-of-transfer-times  
5 information 27 indicating the number of times the piece of music  
has been transferred from the server 1 to the terminal 10, and  
playback stop position information 28 indicating a position  
at which playback was stopped when the user last listened to  
the piece of music (specifically, when playback was stopped  
10 at a midpoint of the piece of music, time information of the  
stop position from the beginning of the piece of music).

It is noted that the corresponding information piece T  
may include either the content of the piece of music M and the  
attribute of the piece of music M.

15 Next, batch information TL collectively indicating the  
pieces of music M so as to correspond to the whole of the pieces  
of music M stored in the main storage section 5a is stored in  
the substorage section 5b, for example, as shown in the left  
portion of FIG. 3.

20 Here, information contained in the batch information TL  
stored to correspond to the whole of the pieces of music M will  
be discussed with reference to FIG. 2 (b).

As shown in FIG. 2 (b), the batch information TL contains  
in batch the information indicating the contents and attributes  
25 of all pieces of music M stored in the main storage section

5a; specifically the batch information TL contains a held title list 30 describing the titles of all pieces of music M in a list form, a held music artist list 31 describing the players or the singers playing or singing the pieces of music M in a list form, a music piece recording date list 32 describing the storage date of each of pieces of music M in the main storage section 5a in a list form, a last listening date list 33 describing the last listening date to each of pieces of music M in the terminal 10 in a list form, a music piece taste list 34 describing the taste for each of pieces of music M in a list form, and program information 35 indicating the piece of music M preselected so as to be next transferred to the terminal 10.

It is noted that the batch information piece TL may include either the information indicating the contents of all pieces of music M or the information indicating the attributes of all pieces of music M.

The correspondence information T and the batch information TL containing the described contents are output to the CPU 4 as a correspondence information signal Ssb under the control of the CPU 4 and as described later, when the correspondence information T and the batch information TL are updated in the terminal 10 and returned therefrom, the returned correspondence information T and batch information TL are output from the CPU 4 as a correspondence information signal Ssb and replace the former correspondence information T and

batch information TL in the substorage section 5b for storage.

On the other hand, if the user carrying the terminal 10 operates the operation section 2 to select a piece of music M to listen to in the terminal 10, the operation section 2 generates an operation signal Scs indicating the piece of music M and outputs the signal to the CPU 4.

In addition, if the user operates the operation section 2 to select a piece of music M to listen to in the server 1, the operation section 2 also generates an operation signal Scs indicating the piece of music M and outputs the signal to the CPU 4.

Thus, when the user listens to the piece of music M in the server 1, based on the operation signal Scs from the operation section 2, the CPU 4 reads the piece of music M for the user to listen to from the main storage section 5a as a music signal Sm and outputs the signal to the output section 7 as an output signal Sos.

The output section 7 outputs the piece of music M contained in the output signal Sos to the user. To output the piece of music M, specifically, for example, the output section 7 may be directly output through a loudspeaker (not shown) or when headphones, an earphone, or the like is connected to the output section 7, the piece of music M may be output to the headphones, etc.

Concurrently, when the user listens to the piece of music



M in the server 1, the CPU 4 reads the correspondence information T corresponding to the piece of music M and the batch information TL from the substorage section 5b as a correspondence information signal Ssb and increments the taste information of the piece of music M contained in the correspondence information T and the batch information TL and further updates the last listening date information and the playback stop position information and then returns the updated information to the substorage section 5b as a correspondence information signal Ssb for storage in the substorage section 5b in place of the former correspondence information T and the former batch information TL.

On the other hand, in case of transferring the piece of music M to the terminal 10 based on the operation signal Scs from the operation section 2, the CPU 4 reads the piece of music M for the user to listen to from the main storage section 5a as a music signal Sm and also reads the correspondence information T corresponding to the read piece of music M and the batch information TL from the substorage section 5b as a correspondence information signal Ssb and outputs the signals to the interface 6 collectively as an external output signal Smo.

Accordingly, the interface 6 performs preset output interface processing for the external output signal Smo and outputs the signal to the terminal 10 as a server output signal

Sst.

At this time, to start outputting the server output signal SScto the terminal 10, for example, a transfer start button placed on the terminal 10, the server 1, or a connection cable connecting the terminal 10 and the server 1 may be operated or when the fact that the terminal 10 and the server 1 are connected by the connection cable is detected, immediately outputting the server output signal Sst may be started. The fact that the terminal 10 approaches a point in a preset distance range from the server 1 is detected and outputting the server output signal Sst may also be started, for example, by a radio communication system at the detection timing.

On the other hand, as described later, when the correspondence information T and the batch information TL whose contents are updated are returned as a terminal output signal Sts from the terminal 10, the interface 6 performs preset input interface processing for the terminal output signal Sts and outputs the signal to the CPU 4 as an external input signal Smi.

Accordingly, the CPU 4 outputs the correspondence information T and the batch information TL whose contents are updated, contained in the external input signal Smi to the substorage section 5b as a correspondence information signal Ssb for storage in the substorage section 5b in place of the

former correspondence information T and the former batch information TL.

To perform the above-described processing, when information to be displayed on the display section 3 exists, the CPU 4 generates a display signal Sds containing the information to be displayed and outputs the display signal Sds to the display section 3. Upon reception of the display signal Sds, the display section 3 displays the necessary information.

Next, the basic operation of the terminal 10 will be discussed.

First, when the server output signal Sst containing the piece of music M that the user wants to listen to, the correspondence information T corresponding to the piece of music M, and the batch information TL is input to the terminal 10 from the server 1, the interface 13 performs preset input interface processing for the server output signal Sst and outputs the processed signal to the CPU 14 as an external input signal Sti.

The CPU 14 separates the external input signal Sti into the piece of music M and the correspondence information T and the batch information TL and stores the piece of music M in the main storage section 16a of the external storage section 16 as a music signal Sm so that the piece of music M can be distinguished from other pieces of music, and stores the correspondence information T and the batch information TL in

the substorage section 16b of the external storage section 16 as a correspondence information signal Ssb so that the correspondence information T and the batch information TL can be distinguished from other pieces of information.

5           An example of a mode in which the piece of music M and the correspondence information T and the batch information TL are stored will be discussed with reference to the right portion of FIG. 3. In the right portion of FIG. 3, the first piece of music M1, the second piece of music M2, the fifth piece of music M5, the eighth piece of music M8, and the tenth piece of music M10 selected (by the user to listen to them in the terminal 10) in the server 1 and transferred therefrom are stored in the main storage section 16a. Each piece of music M is output to the CPU 14 as a music signal Sm under the control of the CPU 14.

10           On the other hand, in the right portion of FIG. 3, the first correspondence information piece T1, the second correspondence information piece T2, the fifth correspondence information piece T5, the eighth correspondence information piece T8, and the tenth correspondence information piece T10 transferred from the server 1 are stored in the substorage section 16b in a one-to-one correspondence with the first piece of music M1, the second piece of music M2, the fifth piece of music M5, the eighth piece of music M8, and the tenth piece of music M10, and further the batch information TL is also

15           

20           

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stored with the correspondence information pieces in the substorage section 16b. Each correspondence information piece T and the batch information TL are output to the CPU 14 as a correspondence information signal Ssb under the control  
5 of the CPU 14.

Next, when the user operates the operation section 11 to select one piece of music M to listen to from among the pieces of music M stored in the main storage section 16a, the operation section 11 generates an operation signal Sct indicating the  
10 selected piece of music M and outputs the generated signal to the CPU 14.

Thus, based on the operation signal Sct from the operation section 11, the CPU 14 reads the piece of music M for the user to listen to from the main storage section 16a  
15 as a music signal Sm and outputs the read signal to the output section 15 as an output signal Sot.

The output section 15 outputs the piece of music M contained in the output signal Sot to the user. To output the piece of music M, specifically, for example, the piece of music  
20 M may be directly output through a loudspeaker (not shown) or when headphones, an earphone, or the like is connected to the output section 15, the piece of music M may be output to the headphones, etc., as with the output section 7 described above.

Concurrently, the CPU 14 reads the correspondence  
25 information T corresponding to the piece of music M for the

user to listen to and the batch information TL from the  
substorage section 16b as a correspondence information signal  
Ssb and increments the taste information of the piece of music  
M contained in the correspondence information T and the batch  
5 information TL and further updates the last listening date  
information and the playback stop position information, and  
then returns the updated information to the substorage section  
16b as a correspondence information signal Ssb for storage in  
the substorage section 16b in place of the former  
10 correspondence information T and the former batch information  
TL.

When the user terminates listing to the piece of music  
M with the terminal 10, based on the operation signal Sct from  
the operation section 11, the CPU 14 reads the correspondence  
15 information T and the batch information TL whose contents are  
updated from the substorage section 16b as a correspondence  
information signal Ssb and outputs them to the interface 13  
collectively as an external output signal Sto.

Accordingly, the interface 13 performs preset output  
20 interface processing for the external output signal Sto and  
outputs the processed signal to the server 1 as a terminal  
output signal Sts.

At this time, outputting the terminal output signal Sts  
to the server 1 may also be started, for example, when the  
25 terminal 10 recognizes the necessity for outputting the

terminal output signal Sts to the server 1 (more particularly,  
for example, the terminal 10 recognizes that the correspondence  
information T or the batch information TL is updated) after  
the transfer path between the server 1 and the terminal 10 is  
5 established.

The server 1 outputs the correspondence information T  
and the batch information TL returned as the terminal output  
signal Sts to the substorage section 5b through the interface  
6 and the CPU 4 for storage in the substorage section 5b in  
10 place of the former correspondence information T and the former  
batch information TL, as described above.

To perform each above-described processing, when  
information to be displayed on the display section 12 exists,  
the CPU 14 generates a display signal Sdt containing the  
15 information to be displayed and outputs the display signal Sdt  
to the display section 12. Upon reception of the display  
signal Sdt, the display section 12 displays the necessary  
information.

Next, an example of handling the correspondence  
20 information T and the batch information TL described above will  
be discussed in detail with reference to FIGS. 3 and 4.

First, as shown in FIG. 3, when the user operates the  
operation section 2 to enter a command for transferring the  
first piece of music M1, the second piece of music M2, the fifth  
25 piece of music M5, the eighth piece of music M8, and the tenth

piece of music M10 among the pieces of music M stored in the main storage section 5a in the server 1 to the terminal 10, the CPU 4 reads the first piece of music M1, the second piece of music M2, the fifth piece of music M5, the eighth piece of music M8, and the tenth piece of music M10 from the main storage section 5a as music signals Sm, reads the first correspondence information piece T1, the second correspondence information piece T2, the fifth correspondence information piece T5, the eighth correspondence information piece T8, and the tenth correspondence information piece T10 corresponding to the first piece of music M1, the second piece of music M2, the fifth piece of music M5, the eighth piece of music M8, and the tenth piece of music M10 and the batch information TL from the substorage section 5b as correspondence information signals Ssb, generates a server output signal Sst containing them, and outputs the signal to the terminal 10. At this time, the number-of-transfer-times information 27 contained in each of the transferred correspondence information pieces T is incremented by one.

When the terminal 10 receives the server output signal SScthe CPU 14 stores the first piece of music M1, the second piece of music M2, the fifth piece of music M5, the eighth piece of music M8, and the tenth piece of music M10 contained in the server output signal Sst in the main storage section 16a as music signals Sm and stores the first correspondence



information piece T1, the second correspondence information piece T2, the fifth correspondence information piece T5, the eighth correspondence information piece T8, and the tenth correspondence information piece T10 corresponding to the pieces of music M and the batch information TL in the substorage section 16b as correspondence information signals Ssb.

One transfer of the pieces of music M, etc., from the server 1 to the terminal 10 is now complete. In this state, the transferred pieces of music M, etc., are stored in the external storage section 16, as shown in the right portion of FIG. 3.

Next, the user starts to select and listen to one of the stored pieces of music M in the terminal 10. At this time, whenever one listening is complete, the last listening date information 26, the taste information 24, and the playback stop position information 28 in the corresponding information piece T corresponding to the piece of music M that the user listened to are updated in accordance with a mode of listening. More specifically, when the user listened to the same piece of music M again and again on the same day, the last listening date information 26 of the piece of music M is not updated; on the other hand, the taste information 24 is updated each time the user listens to the piece of music M, and further the playback stop position information 28 is updated for each listening so as to indicate the playback stop position (in other words,

listening end position) in each listening.

Concurrently, corresponding parts of the last listening date list 33 and the music piece taste list 34 in the batch information TL are also updated.

5           Next, letting the corresponding information pieces T and the batch information TL after being updated be the first correspondence information piece T1', the second correspondence information piece T2', the fifth correspondence information piece T5', the eighth  
10 correspondence information piece T8', and the tenth correspondence information piece T10', and the batch information TL', the first correspondence information piece T1', etc., and the batch information TL' are stored in the external storage section 16 together with the first piece of  
15 music M, etc., as shown in the right portion of FIG. 4, upon completion of listening to all pieces of music M in the terminal 10.

When the user operates the operation section 11 to complete listening to the pieces of music M stored at present  
20 in the terminal 10 and the terminal 10 and the server 1 are again connected, the CPU 14 combines the first correspondence information piece T1', the second correspondence information piece T2', the fifth correspondence information piece T5', the eighth correspondence information piece T8', and the tenth  
25 correspondence information piece T10', and the batch

information TL' into a terminal output signal Sts and outputs the signal to the server 1. At this time, the first piece of music M1, etc., stored in the terminal 10 is not transferred in view of the demand for securing the copyright.

5           Then, upon reception of the terminal output signal Sts, the server 1 outputs the first correspondence information piece T1', etc., and the batch information TL' contained in the signal to the substorage section 5b of the external storage section 5 as a correspondence information signal Ssb to store the new  
10 transferred information, namely, the first correspondence information piece T1', the second correspondence information piece T2', the fifth correspondence information piece T5', the eighth correspondence information piece T8', and the tenth correspondence information piece T10', and the batch  
15 information TL' in the substorage section 5b in place of the former information, namely, the first correspondence information piece T1, the second correspondence information piece T2, the fifth correspondence information piece T5, the eighth correspondence information piece T8, and the tenth  
20 correspondence information piece T10, and the batch information TL.

          Accordingly, the contents of each correspondence information piece T and the batch information TL stored in the substorage section 5b are updated in response to the mode in  
25 which the user listens to the music in the terminal 10.

After this, based on the updated contents, the piece of music M to be next transferred to the terminal 10 is selected by the user or the piece of music M for the user to listen to in the server 1 itself is selected.

5 More specifically, for example, to select one of the pieces of music M in the server 1 or the terminal 10 to which a new piece of music M is transferred, display may be produced on the display section 3 or 12 so as to select pieces of music M in order starting at the piece of music M high in taste (namely,  
10 the piece of music M for the user to frequently listen to in the server 1 or the terminal 10) based on the contents of the taste information 24 in the updated correspondence information T, or when the user listens to a piece of music M in the server 1 or the terminal 10 to which a new piece of music M is  
15 transferred, a current listening in the server 1 or the terminal 10 may be started at a position immediately following a previous listening end position based on the playback stop position information 28 in the correspondence information T corresponding to the piece of music M.

20 To select one of the pieces of music M in the server 1 or the terminal 10 to which a new piece of music M is transferred, display may be produced on the display section 3 or 12 so as to select pieces of music M in order from the piece of music M whose last listening date is the most recent to the piece  
25 of music M whose last listening date is the oldest based on

the last listening date information 26 in the correspondence information T corresponding to each piece of M.

In transferring the correspondence information T and the batch information TL in the embodiment, the case where the whole of the correspondence information T and the whole of the batch information TL shown in FIG. 2 are transferred each time has been described; in addition, only updated parts of the correspondence information T and the batch information TL in the terminal 10 may be returned to the server 1. In this case, the information amount required for transmitting the correspondence information T and the batch information TL can be decreased.

## (II) Embodiment of program processing

Next, an embodiment of program processing particularly using the batch information TL successively updated as described above will be discussed with reference to FIG. 5.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart to show the program processing.

The titles, etc., of all pieces of music stored in the server 1 are described in the batch information TL as lists, as described above, and thus the audio system S of the embodiment enables the user to program the terminal 10 to transfer a piece of music M from the server 1 to the terminal 10 next time by using the batch information TL as lists.

That is, as the program processing, as shown in FIG. 5,

first whether or not transfer of the batch information TL together with transfer of a piece of music M from the server 1 to the terminal 10 is started is checked (step S1). If transfer is not executed (NO at step S1), a wait is made as it is; on the other hand, if transfer is executed (YES at step S1), then the batch information TL is transferred together with the piece of music M (step S2).

Next, while the user listens to the transferred piece of music M with the terminal 10, the last listening date list 33 and the music piece taste list 34 contained in the transferred batch information TL are also updated in response to the mode in which the user listens to the piece of music M. At this time, if the user operates the operation section 11 to program the terminal 10 to transfer the piece of music M thereto next time, the CPU 14 displays the titles, the artist names, and the recording dates of the pieces of music M stored in the server 1 on the display section 12 based on the held title list 30, the held music artist list 31, and the music piece recording date list 32 in the batch information TL (step S3). In this case, they may be displayed in the taste order from high to low by using the taste information 24 updated as the user has listened to the pieces of music M so far.

When all titles are displayed and the user selects (preselects) the piece of music M to be next transferred to the terminal 10 (step S4), the contents are stored in memory,

etc., (not shown) in the CPU 14, thereby executing program processing (step S5) and whether or not the user programs the terminal 10 to transfer an additional piece of music M thereto is checked by displaying a message requesting the user to respond with YES or NO, etc., on the display section 12 (step S6).

10 If it is determined at step S6 that the terminal 10 needs to be programmed to transfer an additional piece of music M thereto (YES at step S6), control returns to steps S4 to S6 and program processing is performed. On the other hand, if the program processing is complete (NO at step S6), the program information 35 in the batch information TL stored in the substorage section 5b is updated to the batch information TL' in response to the programmed contents.

15 Listening to the piece of music M with the terminal 10 is complete and whether or not the correspondence information T' and the batch information TL' described above are to be returned to the server 1 is checked (step S7). If returning the correspondence information T' and the batch information TL' is not instructed (NO at step S7), a wait is made until the return is instructed. On the other hand, if returning the correspondence information T' and the batch information TL' is instructed (YES at step S7), the correspondence information T' and the batch information TL' are returned to the server 1 (step S8) and the program processing sequence is terminated.

After this, in the server 1, when the piece of music M is transferred to the terminal 10 next time, the piece of music M to be transferred is selected in response to the programmed contents contained in the current program information 35 and is transferred.

### (III) Embodiment of transferred music selection processing

Next, an embodiment of transferred music selection processing particularly using the number-of-transfer-times information 27 in the correspondence information T successively updated as described above will be discussed with reference to FIG. 6.

FIG. 6 is a schematic drawing to show contents of the transferred music selection processing.

The number-of-transfer-times information 27 is provided corresponding to each piece of music M and is incremented by "one" each time the corresponding piece of music M is transferred from the server 1 to the terminal 10, as described above.

Then, in the audio system S of the embodiment, when the number-of-transfer-times information 27 reaches a value equal to or greater than a preset threshold value, the piece of music M corresponding to the number-of-transfer-times information 27 reaching the value is excluded from the pieces of music M to be transferred from the server 1 to the terminal 10.



That is, a more specific description is given with reference to FIG. 6. At first, in case of selecting the piece of music M to be transferred to the terminal 10 in the server 1, the pieces of music M are displayed on the display section 3 in the taste order from high to low based on the taste information 24 corresponding to each piece of music M as shown in the left portion of FIG. 6 and selection is executed. In the left portion of FIG. 6, transferring the five pieces having the highest taste is preset; specifically, the 52<sup>nd</sup> piece of music M52, the 285<sup>th</sup> piece of music M285, the 90<sup>th</sup> piece of music M90, the 1684<sup>th</sup> piece of music M1684, and the 725<sup>th</sup> piece of music M725 in order starting at the 52<sup>nd</sup> piece of music M52 of the highest taste (in other words, fitted most for the taste of the user) are selected as the pieces of music M to be transferred and are transferred together with the correspondence information T corresponding to the selected pieces of music M and the batch information TL.

At this time, upon completion of the transfer, the CPU 14 increments by one the number-of-transfer-times information 27 in each of the 52<sup>nd</sup> correspondence information piece T52 corresponding to the 52<sup>nd</sup> piece of music, the 285<sup>th</sup> correspondence information piece T285 corresponding to the 285<sup>th</sup> piece of music M285, the 90<sup>th</sup> correspondence information piece T90 corresponding to the 90<sup>th</sup> piece of music M90, the 1684<sup>th</sup> correspondence information piece T1684 corresponding to the

1684<sup>th</sup> piece of music M1684, and the 725<sup>th</sup> correspondence  
information piece T725 corresponding to the 725<sup>th</sup> piece of music  
M725 and then stores them in the substorage section 16b. The  
number-of-transfer-times information 27 may be incremented in  
5 the server 1 before the transfer is complete.

When the user completes listening to the pieces of music  
M with the terminal 10 and further the updated correspondence  
information T' and the updated batch information TL' are  
returned to the server 1, then, as shown in the right portion  
10 of FIG. 6, the taste information 24 in each of the 52<sup>nd</sup>  
correspondence information piece T52, the 285<sup>th</sup> correspondence  
information piece T285, the 90<sup>th</sup> correspondence information  
piece T90, the 1684<sup>th</sup> correspondence information piece T1684,  
and the 725<sup>th</sup> correspondence information piece T725 is updated  
15 in response to the mode in which the user listens to the music  
in the terminal 10, and the number-of-transfer-times  
information 27 in each correspondence information piece T' is  
incremented by "one" in comparison with the value before  
transfer from the server 1 (in the left portion of FIG. 6) (in  
20 the right portion of FIG. 6, more specifically the number-  
of-transfer-times information in the 52<sup>nd</sup> correspondence  
information piece T52 is incremented from "2" to "3", that in  
the 285<sup>th</sup> correspondence information piece T285 is incremented  
from "1" to "2", that in the 90<sup>th</sup> correspondence information  
25 piece T90 is incremented from "2" to "3", that in the 1684<sup>th</sup>

correspondence information piece T1684 is incremented from "1" to "2", and that in the 725<sup>th</sup> correspondence information piece T725 is incremented from "1" to "2").

At this time, assuming that the threshold value relative to the number-of-transfer-times information 27 is "3", when pieces of music M are next transferred from the server 1, the pieces of music M corresponding to the number-of-transfer-times information 27 being "3" or greater are excluded from the transfer.

More particularly, in the selection of the pieces of music M to be transferred in the next transfer, the 52<sup>nd</sup> piece of music and the 90<sup>th</sup> piece of music M90 whose number-of-transfer-times information 27 reaches "3" are excluded from the transfer and other pieces of music M are shown as transfer candidates in order starting at the piece of music M having the highest value of the taste information 24; for example, the high-order five pieces of music (in the right portion of FIG. 6, the 285<sup>th</sup> piece of music M285, the 725<sup>th</sup> piece of music M725, the 1684<sup>th</sup> piece of music M1684, and the 9<sup>th</sup> piece of music M9, and the 697<sup>th</sup> piece of music M697) are transferred to the terminal 10.

Each piece of music M whose number-of-transfer-times information 27 reaches the threshold value is not transferred at all later. In this case, the number-of-transfer-times information 27 is initialized to 0 by any of the methods

described below and the corresponding piece of music M again becomes a transfer candidate.

That is, as a first initializing method of the number-of-transfer-times information 27, an initialization  
5 switch may be provided on the server 1 so that the user can operate the switch to initialize the number-of-transfer-times information 27.

As the second initializing method, number-of-nontransfer-times information indicating the number of times  
10 the piece of music M has not been transferred although transfer from the server 1 to the terminal 10 was executed is additionally provided for each piece of music M as a part of the correspondence information T and the number of times a transfer of any other piece of music M has been executed after  
15 the piece of music M with the number-of-transfer-times information 27 reaching the threshold value was excluded from the transfer is stored as the number-of-nontransfer-times information and when the value of the number-of-nontransfer-times information becomes another preset  
20 threshold value (for example, "2"), the number-of-transfer-times information 27 may be initialized.

As a third initializing method, when transfer of a piece of music M whose number-of-transfer-times information 27 reaches the threshold value (in FIG. 6, 3) is executed, a timer  
25 (not shown) in the CPU 4 is started and after the expiration

of a preset time period (for example, one week) since the piece of music M was excluded from transfer, the number-of-transfer-times information 27 may be initialized. Counting the time period may be started at not only execution of the transfer of the piece of music M whose number-of-transfer-times information 27 reaches the threshold value, but also execution of the next transfer.

In order to manage the number-of-transfer-times information 27 only in the server 1, the number-of-transfer-times information 27 may be untransferred to the terminal 10 and whenever a piece of music M is transferred from the server 1 to the terminal 10, the number-of-transfer-times information 27 corresponding to the transferred piece of music M may be incremented only in the server 1.

As described above, according to the operation of the audio system S of the embodiment, the correspondence information pieces T provided in a one-to-one correspondence with the pieces of music M and each containing the title information 20, the taste information 24, etc., are transferred to the terminal 10 together with the pieces of music M and the correspondence information pieces T are updated in response to the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal 10, and then the updated correspondence information pieces are returned to the server 1 and the returned correspondence information pieces T (T') are stored in place

of the former correspondence information pieces T, so that the server 1 can keep track of the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal 10, and when the pieces of music M are next transferred to the terminal 10, the mode can be  
5 reflected.

The server 1 can keep track of the mode of utilization in the terminal 10. Thus, in case of listening to each of music M with the server 1, the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal 10 is also reflected, whereby the  
10 convenience as the audio system S can be further improved.

Further, the batch information TL containing the held title list 30, the music piece taste list 34, etc., is output together with the pieces of music M to the terminal 10 and then the batch information TL is updated in response to the mode  
15 in which the user listens to the music in the terminal 10, and then the updated batch information TL is returned to the server 1 and then the returned batch information TL (TL') is stored in place of the former batch information TL, so that the server 1 can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the  
20 user listens to the music in the terminal 10, and when the pieces of music M are next transferred to the terminal, the mode can be reflected.

The server 1 can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal  
25 10. Thus, in case of making the most use of the pieces of music

M with the server 1, the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal 10 can also be reflected.

The server 1 can keep track of the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal 10. Thus, in case of  
5 listening to each of music M with the server 1, the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal 10 can also be reflected.

In the described embodiments, the information pieces stored in the server 1 are a plurality of pieces of music M.  
10 However, in addition, for example, to store image information of a plurality of movies, etc., together with the correspondence information pieces each indicating the contents or the attributes of the corresponding movie and batch information collectively indicating them and transfer them to  
15 a portable terminal capable of playing back the image information for the user to play back the image information, the invention can also be applied.

Further, the transfer path of the music or image information need not necessarily be the above-described wired  
20 path at home; for example, the music or image information may be transferred to a remote location via network such as the Internet or may be transferred using a short-distance radio communication method following the so-called Bluetooth specifications, etc., having been standardized in recent years.  
25 Further, a mobile telephone may be connected to each of the

server 1 and the terminal 10 so that the music or image information is transferred via a telephone line.

A program corresponding to the processing in the server 1 or the terminal 10 according to each embodiment described above is recorded on an information record medium such as a flexible disk or a hard disk and is read by general-purpose microcomputers installed in the server 1 and the terminal 10 for execution, whereby the microcomputers can also be made to function as the CPU 4 and the CPU 14.

As described above, according to the first aspect of the invention, the correspondence information pieces provided in a one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of pieces of information are output to the terminal together with the pieces of information and further the correspondence information returned from the terminal is stored in place of the former correspondence information, so that the terminal updates the correspondence information in response to the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and then returns the updated correspondence information to the server, whereby the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Therefore, the information can be output to the terminal as the user of the terminal makes the most use of the information



and the convenience as the information processing system can be further improved.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, to make the most use of each piece of information in the server, the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal can also be reflected, so that the convenience as the information processing system can be further improved.

According to the second aspect of the invention, in addition to the advantage of the invention according to the first aspect, the batch information collectively indicating the pieces of information is output to the terminal together with the pieces of information and further the batch information returned from the terminal is stored in place of the former batch information, so that the terminal updates the batch information in response to the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and then returns the updated batch information to the server, whereby the server can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, to make the most use of each piece of

information in the server, the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal can also be reflected.

According to the third aspect of the invention, in addition to the advantage of the invention according to the second aspect, since the batch information thus contains at least the batch content information and the batch attribute information, the server can more clearly keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of each information.

According to the fourth aspect of the invention, in addition to the advantage of the invention according to any one of the first to third aspects, each piece of the information is a piece of music, the content information is the title of the piece of music, and the attribute information is utilization information indicating the degree of making the most use of the piece of music in the terminal, and thus a plurality of pieces of music are output to the terminal and when the user listens to each piece of music with the terminal, the correspondence information contents are updated and returned, whereby the server can keep track of the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal, and to next output the pieces of music to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal, for the user to listen

to each piece of music with the server, the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal can also be reflected.

According to the fifth aspect of the invention, the correspondence information output together with each piece of  
5 information is updated in response to the mode in which the user makes the most use of each information and then the updated correspondence information is returned to the server, so that the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and to next  
10 output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Therefore, the information can be output to the terminal as the user of the terminal makes the most use of the information and the convenience as the information processing system can  
15 be improved.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, to make the most use of each piece of information in the server, the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information  
20 in the terminal can also be reflected, so that the convenience as the information processing system can be further improved.

According to the sixth aspect of the invention, in addition to the advantage of the invention according to the fifth aspect, the batch information collectively indicating  
25 the pieces of information is acquired together with the pieces

of information and the batch information is updated in response to the mode in which the user makes the most use of each piece of the information, and then the updated batch information is returned to the server, so that the server can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Since the server can further collectively keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, to make the most use of each piece of information in the server, the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal can also be reflected.

According to the seventh aspect of the invention, in addition to the advantage of the invention according to the sixth aspect, since the batch information thus contains at least the batch content information and the batch attribute information, the server can more clearly keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of each piece of the information.

According to the eighth aspect of the invention, in addition to the advantage of the invention according to any one of the fifth to seventh aspects, when the user listens to a plurality of pieces of music, the correspondence information

contents are updated and returned, so that the server can keep track of the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal, and to next output the pieces of music to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

5           Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal, for the user to listen to each piece of music with the server, the mode in which the user listens to the music in the terminal can also be reflected.

10           According to the ninth aspect of the invention, the correspondence information pieces provided in a one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of pieces of information are output to the terminal together with the pieces of information and the terminal updates the correspondence information in response to the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and then returns the updated  
15           correspondence information to the server, which then stores the correspondence information returned from the terminal in place of the former correspondence information, so that the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and to next output  
20           the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

          Therefore, the information can be output to the terminal in correspondence with the mode in which the user of the  
25           terminal makes the most use of the information, to make the

most use of the information and the convenience as the information processing system can be improved.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, to make the most use of each piece of information in the server, the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal can also be reflected, so that the convenience as the information processing system can be further improved.

According to the tenth aspect of the invention, the server computer functions so that the correspondence information pieces provided in a one-to-one correspondence with the plurality of pieces of information are output to the terminal together with the pieces of information and further the correspondence information returned from the terminal is stored in place of the former correspondence information. Thus, the terminal updates the correspondence information in response to the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and then returns the updated correspondence information to the server, whereby the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Therefore, the information can be output to the terminal in correspondence with the mode in which the user of the

terminal makes the most use of the information and the convenience as the information processing system can be improved.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, to make the most use of each piece of information in the server, the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal can also be reflected, so that the convenience as the information processing system can be further improved.

According to the eleventh aspect of the invention, the terminal computer functions so that the correspondence information output together with each piece of information is updated in response to the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and then the updated correspondence information is returned to the server. Thus, the server can keep track of the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information in the terminal, and to next output the information to the terminal, the server can reflect the mode for output.

Therefore, the information can be output to the terminal in correspondence with the mode in which the user of the terminal makes the most use of the information and the convenience as the information processing system can be improved.

Since the server can keep track of the mode in which the

user makes the most use of the information in the terminal,  
to make the most use of each piece of information in the server,  
the mode in which the user makes the most use of the information  
in the terminal can also be reflected, so that the convenience

5 as the information processing system can be further improved.